

## **ENGROSSED** SENATE BILL No. 161

DIGEST OF SB 161 (Updated February 17, 2004 4:38 pm - DI 77)

Citations Affected: IC 12-15; IC 12-26; IC 27-4; IC 27-8; IC 27-13; IC 35-36; noncode.

Synopsis: Health matters. Eliminates a provision under which a hospital was allowed 180 days to respond to a notice that the hospital was overpaid by the Medicaid program. Makes hospitals subject to the general provision allowing 60 days for a response. Provides that certain Medicaid providers who have been overpaid do not owe the state interest. Provides that a third party who contracts with the division of mental health and addiction (division) may: (1) provide competency restoration services; and (2) initiate a regular commitment proceeding. Requires a defendant committed to the division who subsequently attains competency to be immediately returned to the court for trial unless the provider of restoration services files a petition objecting to the immediate return. Provides that a psychologist or psychiatrist appointed in a competency hearing may not be an employee or a contractor at a state institution. Prohibits certain provisions in health provider reimbursement agreements.

Effective: July 1, 2004.

### Miller

(HOUSE SPONSORS — BROWN C, BUELL)

January 6, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider

Vices.
January 15, 2004, reported favorably — Do Pass.
January 20, 2004, read second time, ordered engrossed.
January 21, 2004, engrossed.
January 26, 2004, read third time, passed. Yeas 48, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

February 4, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health. February 19, 2004, amended, reported — Do Pass; recommitted to Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to Rule 127.



#### Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTIONI that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 161

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- SECTION 1. IC 12-15-13-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) If the office of the secretary believes that an overpayment to a provider has occurred, the office of the secretary may do the following:
  - (1) Notify the provider in writing that the office of the secretary believes that an overpayment has occurred.
  - (2) Request in the notice that the provider repay the amount of the alleged overpayment, including interest, in accordance with this section, from the date of overpayment.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), A provider who receives a notice and request for repayment under subsection (a) may elect to do one (1) of the following:
  - (1) Repay the amount of the overpayment not later than sixty (60) days after receiving notice from the office of the secretary, including interest, in accordance with this section, from the date of overpayment.
- (2) Request a hearing and repay the amount of the alleged

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

C





y

ES 161-LS 6309/DI 104+

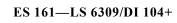
1	overpayment not later than sixty (60) days after receiving notice
2	from the office of the secretary.
3 4	(3) Request a hearing not later than sixty (60) days after receiving notice from the office of the secretary and not repay the alleged
5	overpayment, except as provided in subsection (d).
6	(c) If:
7	(1) a provider elects to proceed under subsection (b)(2); and
8	(2) the office of the secretary determines after the hearing and any
9	subsequent appeal that the provider does not owe the money that
10	the office of the secretary believed the provider owed;
11	the office of the secretary shall return the amount of the alleged
12	overpayment and interest paid and pay the provider interest on the
13	money from the date of the provider's repayment.
14	(d) If:
15	(1) a provider elects to proceed under subsection (b)(3); and
16	(2) the office of the secretary determines after the hearing and any
17	subsequent appeal that the provider owes the money;
18	the provider shall pay the amount of the overpayment, including
19	interest, in accordance with this section, from the date of the
20	overpayment.
21	(e) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21 that receives a notice and
22	request for repayment under subsection (a) has one hundred eighty
23	(180) days to elect one (1) of the actions under subsection (b)(1),
24	<del>(b)(2), or (b)(3).</del>
25	(f) (e) Interest that is due under this section shall be paid at a rate
26	that is determined by the commissioner of the department of state
27	revenue under IC 6-8.1-10-1(c) as follows:
28	(1) Interest due from a provider to the state shall be paid at the
29	rate set by the commissioner for interest payments from the
30	department of state revenue to a taxpayer.
31	(2) Interest due from the state to a provider shall be paid at the
32	rate set by the commissioner for interest payments from the
33	department of state revenue to a taxpayer.
34	(f) Interest is due under this section only when the overpayment
35	is the result of the provider violating a federal or state statute, rule,
36	or published Medicaid policy.
37	(g) The office of the secretary may reduce the amount of interest
38 39	under this section in any of the following circumstances:
39 40	<ul><li>(1) There was a significant delay in:</li><li>(A) the timely identification of the overpayment by the</li></ul>
41	office; or
42	(B) the timely response to an appeal filed under
<b>+</b> ∠	(D) the timely response to an appear theu under



1	IC 12-15-13-3(b); and	
2	the provider and the office mutually agree on the reduced	
3	interest amount.	
4	(2) Other compelling circumstances as determined on a case	
5	by case basis by the office.	
6	(g) (h) Proceedings under this section are subject to IC 4-21.5.	
7	SECTION 2. IC 12-15-21-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. The rules adopted	
9	under section 2 of this chapter must include the following:	
10	(1) Providing for prior review and approval of medical services.	
11	(2) Specifying the method of determining the amount of	
12	reimbursement for services.	
13	(3) Establishing limitations that are consistent with medical	
14	necessity concerning the amount, scope, and duration of the	
15	services and supplies to be provided. The rules may contain	
16	limitations on services that are more restrictive than allowed	
17	under a provider's scope of practice (as defined in Indiana law).	
18	(4) Denying payment or instructing the contractor under	
19	IC 12-15-30 to deny payment to a provider for services provided	
20	to an individual or claimed to be provided to an individual if the	
21	office after investigation finds any of the following:	
22	(A) The services claimed cannot be documented by the	
23	provider.	
24	(B) The claims were made for services or materials determined	
25	by licensed medical staff of the office as not medically	
26	reasonable and necessary.	
27	(C) The amount claimed for the services has been or can be	
28	paid from other sources.	
29	(D) The services claimed were provided to a person other than	
30	the person in whose name the claim is made.	
31	(E) The services claimed were provided to a person who was	
32	not eligible for Medicaid.	
33	(F) The claim rises out of an act or practice prohibited by law	
34	or by rules of the secretary.	
35	(5) Recovering payment or instructing the contractor under	
36	IC 12-15-30-3 to recover payment from a provider for services	
37	rendered to an individual or claimed to be rendered to an	
38	individual if the office after investigation finds any of the	
39	following:	
40	(A) The services paid for cannot be documented by the	
41	provider.	
12	(B) The amount naid for such services has been or can be naid	



1	from other sources.	
2	(C) The services were provided to a person other than the	
3	person in whose name the claim was made and paid.	
4	(D) The services paid for were provided to a person who was	
5	not eligible for Medicaid.	
6	(E) The paid claim rises out of an act or practice prohibited by	
7	law or by rules of the secretary.	
8	(6) Recovering interest as provided for in IC 12-15-13-3:	
9	(A) at a rate that is the percentage rounded to the nearest	
10	whole number that equals the average investment yield on	
11	state money for the state's previous fiscal year, excluding	
12	pension fund investments, as published in the auditor of state's	
13	comprehensive annual financial report; and	
14	(B) accruing from the date of overpayment;	
15	on amounts paid to a provider that are in excess of the amount	
16	subsequently determined to be due the provider as a result of an	
17	audit, a reimbursement cost settlement, or a judicial or an	1
18	administrative proceeding.	
19	(7) Paying interest to providers:	
20	(A) at a rate that is the percentage rounded to the nearest	
21	whole number that equals the average investment yield on	
22	state money for the state's previous fiscal year, excluding	
23	pension fund investments, as published in the auditor of state's	
24	comprehensive annual financial report; and	
25	(B) accruing from the date that an overpayment is erroneously	
26	recovered by the office until the office restores the	_
27	overpayment to the provider.	`
28	(8) Establishing a system with the following conditions:	
29	(A) Audits may be conducted by the office after service has	1
30	been provided and before reimbursement for the service has	
31	been made.	
32	(B) Reimbursement for services may be denied if an audit	
33	conducted under clause (A) concludes that reimbursement	
34	should be denied.	
35	(C) Audits may be conducted by the office after service has	
36	been provided and after reimbursement has been made.	
37	(D) Reimbursement for services may be recovered if an audit	
38	conducted under clause (C) concludes that the money	
39	reimbursed should be recovered.	
40	SECTION 3. IC 12-15-23-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. An agreement under	
42	section 2 of this chapter:	





1	(1) except as provided in IC 12-15-13-3, must include a	
2	provision for the collection of interest on the amount of the	
3	overpayment; and	
4	(2) may include any other provisions agreed to by the	
5	administrator and the provider.	
6	SECTION 4. IC 12-26-7-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does	
8	not apply to the commitment of an individual if the individual has	
9	previously been committed under IC 12-26-6.	
10	(b) A proceeding for the commitment of an individual who appears	
11	to be suffering from a chronic mental illness may be begun by filing	
12	with a court having jurisdiction a written petition by any of the	
13	following:	
14	(1) A health officer.	
15	(2) A police officer.	
16	(3) A friend of the individual.	
17	(4) A relative of the individual.	
18	(5) The spouse of the individual.	
19	(6) A guardian of the individual.	
20	(7) The superintendent of a facility where the individual is	
21	present.	
22	(8) A prosecuting attorney in accordance with IC 35-36-2-4.	
23	(9) A prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a county office if	
24	civil commitment proceedings are initiated under IC 31-34-19-3	
25	or IC 31-37-18-3.	
26	(10) A third party that contracts with the division of mental	
27	health and addiction to provide competency restoration	
28	services to a defendant under IC 35-36-3-3 or IC 35-36-3-4.	V
29	SECTION 5. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003,	
30	SECTION 35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2003, SECTION 2, AND	
31	AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2003, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED	
32	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,	
33	2004]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of	
34	competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the business	
35	of insurance:	
36	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or	
37	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:	
38	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be	
39	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the	
40	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;	
41	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the	
42	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar	



1	policies;
2	(C) making any misleading representation or any
3	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,
4	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer
5	operates;
6	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
7	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
8	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
9	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
10	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his the
11	policyholder's insurance.
12	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
13	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made,
14	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public,
15	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
16	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or
17	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
18	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
19	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
20	conduct of <i>his the person's</i> insurance business, which is untrue,
21	deceptive, or misleading.
22	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
23	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
24	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
25	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
26	false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
27	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
28	person engaged in the business of insurance.
29	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
30	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
31	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
32	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
33	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making,
34	publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,
35	or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to
36	be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any
37	person, or placed before the public, any false statement of
38	financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making
39	any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer
40	with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed
41	to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any

public official to which such insurer is required by law to report,

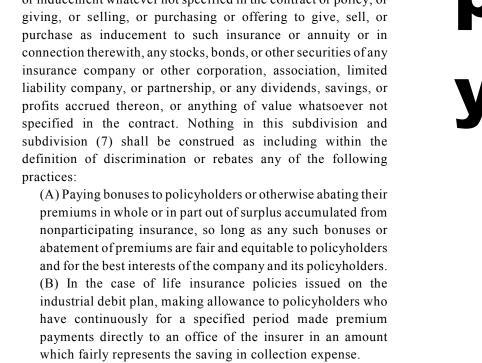


1	or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into
2	any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a
3	true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such
4	insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
5	(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or
6	employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other
7	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
8	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
9	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
10	profits as an inducement to insurance.
11	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
12	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
13	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
14	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
15	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
16	other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in
17	determining the class, consideration may be given to the
18	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected
19	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant
20	factor.
21	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
22	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of
23	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made
24	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in
25	the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or
26	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever;
27	however, in determining the class, consideration may be given
28	to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or
29	expected expense of conducting the business, or any other
30	relevant factor.
31	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy
32	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair
33	discrimination between persons of the same class involving
34	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,
35	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
36	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance,
37	or abstract and title insurance;
38	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage
39	to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership,
40	maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft,
41	their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and

indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,



1	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
2	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
3	insurance whatsoever.
4	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
5	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)
6	and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.
7	Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or
8	permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory
9	charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department
10	or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance
11	rate regulatory law of this state.
12	(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly
13	permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy
14	of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in
15	limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or
16	policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy
17	issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay,
18	allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such
19	insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the
20	contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends,
21	savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration
22	or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or
23	giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or
24	purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in
25	connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any
26	insurance company or other corporation, association, limited
27	liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or
28	profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not
29	specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and
30	subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the
31	definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following
32	practices:
33	(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their
34	premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from
35	nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or
36	abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders
37	and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.
38	(B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the
39	industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who
40	have continuously for a specified period made premium
41	payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount





1	(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance
2	policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at
3	the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance
4	thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such
5	policy year.
6	(D) Paying by an insurer or agent insurance producer thereof
7	duly licensed as such under the laws of this state Indiana of
8	money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an
9	insurer or such licensed agent insurance producer thereof
10	anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or
11	negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds,
12	to a broker, agent, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly
13	licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent,
14	insurance producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration
15	shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as
16	received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the
17	insured by way of rebate.
18	(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the
19	security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the
20	property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy
21	of insurance covering such real property through a particular
22	insurance agent producer or broker or brokers. However, this
23	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or
24	his the lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance
25	company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
26	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
27	or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
28	business of insurance.
29	(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or
30	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any
31	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,
32	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of
33	any nonprofit organization of agents insurance producers or other
34	workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in
35	itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as
36	combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision
37	and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific
38	unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and
39	practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or

restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any court of review under section 8 of this

40

41 42

chapter.

1	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or
2	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales
3	contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a
4	chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any
5	policy of insurance covering such property through a particular
6	insurance company, agent, insurance producer, or broker or
7	brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise
8	by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of
9	his, her, or its the right to approve or disapprove of the insurance
0	company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
. 1	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,
2	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as
.3	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or
4	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is
.5	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of
.6	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the
7	following:
8	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit
9	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit
20	unions.
21	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the
22	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
23	or users of such goods.
24	(C) Title insurance.
2.5	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
26	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
27	event of the death or disability of the insured.
28	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
29	or associations.
60	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
31	air transportation ticket and that:
32	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
33	the flight to which the ticket relates;
34	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
35	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
66	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
57	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
88	the ticket relates; or
19	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
10	relates.
1	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
12	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made







1	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
2	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
3	facility licensed by the state department of health.
4	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
5	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
6	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a
7	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
8	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
9	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
10	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
11	experience.
12	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
13	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
14	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
15	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
16	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
17	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
18	physical condition.
19	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
20	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
21	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor
22	vehicle insurance rates.
23	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
24	to interest rate guarantees.
25	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
26	coverage for victims of abuse.
27	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
28	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
29	insurance producers.
30	(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
31	(25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning
32	the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.
33	<del>(25)</del> <b>(26)</b> Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) or
34	IC 27-8-5-19.2.
35	(25) (27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit
36	information.
37	(28) Violating IC 27-8-11-7 or IC 27-13-15-4 concerning
38	provider reimbursement.
39	SECTION 6. IC 27-8-11-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
40	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
41	1, 2004]: Sec. 7. (a) An agreement between an insurer and a
42	provider under this chapter may not contain a provision that



requires the provider to offer to the insurer a reimbursement rate that is equal to or lower than the lowest reimbursement rate that the provider offers to another insurer.

(b) A violation of this section by an insurer is an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance under IC 27-4-1-4.

SECTION 7. IC 27-13-15-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) A contract between a health maintenance organization and a participating provider may not contain a provision that requires the participating provider to offer to the health maintenance organization a reimbursement rate that is equal to or lower than the lowest reimbursement rate that the participating provider offers to another health maintenance organization.

(b) A violation of this section by a health maintenance organization is an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance under IC 27-4-1-4.

SECTION 8. IC 35-36-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) If at any time before the final submission of any criminal case to the court or the jury trying the case, the court has reasonable grounds for believing that the defendant lacks the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of his a defense, the court shall immediately fix a time for a hearing to determine whether the defendant has that ability. The court shall appoint two (2) or three (3) competent, disinterested:

- (1) psychiatrists; or
- (2) psychologists endorsed by the Indiana state board of examiners in psychology as health service providers in psychology. or physicians,

At least one (1) of whom the individuals appointed under this subsection must be a psychiatrist. who However, none may be an employee or a contractor of a state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184). The individuals who are appointed shall examine the defendant and testify at the hearing as to whether the defendant can understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense.

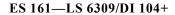
(b) At the hearing, other evidence relevant to whether the defendant has the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense may be introduced. If the court finds that the defendant has the ability to understand the proceedings

C











and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense, the trial shall proceed. If the court finds that the defendant lacks this ability, it shall delay or continue the trial and order the defendant committed to the division of mental health and addiction. to be confined by the division in an appropriate psychiatric institution. The division of mental health and addiction shall provide competency restoration services or enter into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party in the:

- (1) location where the defendant currently resides; or
- (2) least restrictive setting appropriate to the needs of the defendant and the safety of the defendant and others.

However, if the defendant is serving an unrelated executed sentence in the department of correction at the time the defendant is committed to the division of mental health and addiction under this section, the division of mental health and addiction shall provide competency restoration services or enter into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party at a department of correction facility agreed upon by the division of mental health and addiction or the third party contractor and the department of correction.

SECTION 9. IC 35-36-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 110, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) Whenever the defendant attains the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense: the division of mental health and addiction, through

- (1) the superintendent of the appropriate psychiatric state institution (as defined by IC 12-7-2-184); or
- (2) the director or medical director of the third party contractor, if the division of mental health and addiction has entered into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party;

shall certify that fact to the proper court, which shall enter an order directing the sheriff to return the defendant. The court may shall enter such an order immediately after being sufficiently advised of the defendant's attainment of the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense. Upon the return to court of any defendant committed under section 1 of this chapter, the court shall hold the trial as if no delay or postponement had occurred.

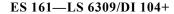
SECTION 10. IC 35-36-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 111, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) Within ninety (90) days after:

C











1	(1) a defendant's admittance to a psychiatric institution, the
2	superintendent of the psychiatric institution admission to a state
3	institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184); or
4	(2) the initiation of competency restoration services to a
5	defendant by a third party contractor;
6	the superintendent of the state institution (as defined in
7	IC 12-7-2-184) or the director or medical director of the third
8	party contractor, if the division of mental health and addiction has
9	entered into a contract for the provision of competency restoration
10	services by a third party, shall certify to the proper court whether the
11	defendant has a substantial probability of attaining the ability to
12	understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the
13	defendant's defense within the foreseeable future.
14	(b) If a substantial probability does not exist, the division of mental
15	health and addiction state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184)
16	or the third party contractor shall initiate regular commitment
17	proceedings under IC 12-26. If a substantial probability does exist, the
18	division of mental health and addiction state institution (as defined
19	in IC 12-7-2-184) or third party contractor shall retain the
20	defendant:
21	(1) until the defendant attains the ability to understand the
22	proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's
23	defense and is returned to the proper court for trial; or
24	(2) for six (6) months from the date of the:
25	(A) defendant's admittance admission to a state institution
26	(as defined in IC 12-7-2-184); or
27	(B) initiation of competency restoration services by a third
28	party contractor;
29	whichever first occurs.
30	SECTION 11. IC 35-36-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001,
31	SECTION 112, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. If a defendant who was found
33	under section 3 of this chapter to have had a substantial probability of
34	attaining the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the
35	preparation of the defendant's defense has not attained that ability
36	within six (6) months after the date of the:
37	(1) defendant's admittance to a psychiatric institution, the division
38	of mental health and addiction admission to a state institution
39	(as defined in IC 12-7-2-184); or
40	(2) initiation of competency restoration services by a third
41	party contractor;
42	the state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184) or the third party



1	contractor, if the division of mental health and addiction has	
2	entered into a contract for the provision of competency restoration	
3	services by a third party, shall institute regular commitment	
4	proceedings under IC 12-26.	
5	SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] (a) IC 27-8-11-7, as	
6	added by this act, applies to an agreement between an insurer and	
7	a provider that is entered into, amended, or renewed after June 30,	
8	2004.	
9	(b) IC 27-13-15-4, as added by this act, applies to a contract	
10	between a health maintenance organization and a participating	
11	provider that is entered into, amended, or renewed after June 30,	
12	2004.	
		_



### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health and Provider Services, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 161, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to Senate Bill 161 as introduced.)

MILLER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.







y



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred Senate Bill 161, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Delete the title and insert the following:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Page 1, line 8, after "interest" insert ", in accordance with this section."

Page 1, line 15, after "interest" insert ", in accordance with this section,".

Page 2, line 18, after "interest" insert ", in accordance with this section,".

Page 2, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(f) Interest is due under this section only when the overpayment is the result of the provider violating a federal or state statute, rule, or published Medicaid policy.
- (g) The office of the secretary may reduce the amount of interest under this section in any of the following circumstances:
  - (1) There was a significant delay in:
    - (A) the timely identification of the overpayment by the office; or
    - (B) the timely response to an appeal filed under IC 12-15-13-3(b); and

the provider and the office mutually agree on the reduced interest amount.

(2) Other compelling circumstances as determined on a case by case basis by the office.".

Page 2, line 32, delete "(f)" and insert "(h)".

Page 2, after line 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 12-15-21-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. The rules adopted under section 2 of this chapter must include the following:

- (1) Providing for prior review and approval of medical services.
- (2) Specifying the method of determining the amount of reimbursement for services.
- (3) Establishing limitations that are consistent with medical necessity concerning the amount, scope, and duration of the services and supplies to be provided. The rules may contain limitations on services that are more restrictive than allowed under a provider's scope of practice (as defined in Indiana law).

ES 101 ES 0307/1









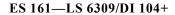
- (4) Denying payment or instructing the contractor under IC 12-15-30 to deny payment to a provider for services provided to an individual or claimed to be provided to an individual if the office after investigation finds any of the following:
  - (A) The services claimed cannot be documented by the provider.
  - (B) The claims were made for services or materials determined by licensed medical staff of the office as not medically reasonable and necessary.
  - (C) The amount claimed for the services has been or can be paid from other sources.
  - (D) The services claimed were provided to a person other than the person in whose name the claim is made.
  - (E) The services claimed were provided to a person who was not eligible for Medicaid.
  - (F) The claim rises out of an act or practice prohibited by law or by rules of the secretary.
- (5) Recovering payment or instructing the contractor under IC 12-15-30-3 to recover payment from a provider for services rendered to an individual or claimed to be rendered to an individual if the office after investigation finds any of the following:
  - (A) The services paid for cannot be documented by the provider.
  - (B) The amount paid for such services has been or can be paid from other sources.
  - (C) The services were provided to a person other than the person in whose name the claim was made and paid.
  - (D) The services paid for were provided to a person who was not eligible for Medicaid.
  - (E) The paid claim rises out of an act or practice prohibited by law or by rules of the secretary.
- (6) Recovering interest as provided for in IC 12-15-13-3:
  - (A) at a rate that is the percentage rounded to the nearest whole number that equals the average investment yield on state money for the state's previous fiscal year, excluding pension fund investments, as published in the auditor of state's comprehensive annual financial report; and
- (B) accruing from the date of overpayment; on amounts paid to a provider that are in excess of the amount subsequently determined to be due the provider as a result of an audit, a reimbursement cost settlement, or a judicial or an

C











administrative proceeding.

- (7) Paying interest to providers:
  - (A) at a rate that is the percentage rounded to the nearest whole number that equals the average investment yield on state money for the state's previous fiscal year, excluding pension fund investments, as published in the auditor of state's comprehensive annual financial report; and
  - (B) accruing from the date that an overpayment is erroneously recovered by the office until the office restores the overpayment to the provider.
- (8) Establishing a system with the following conditions:
  - (A) Audits may be conducted by the office after service has been provided and before reimbursement for the service has been made.
  - (B) Reimbursement for services may be denied if an audit conducted under clause (A) concludes that reimbursement should be denied.
  - (C) Audits may be conducted by the office after service has been provided and after reimbursement has been made.
  - (D) Reimbursement for services may be recovered if an audit conducted under clause (C) concludes that the money reimbursed should be recovered.

SECTION 3. IC 12-15-23-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. An agreement under section 2 of this chapter:

- (1) except as provided in IC 12-15-13-3, must include a provision for the collection of interest on the amount of the overpayment; and
- (2) may include any other provisions agreed to by the administrator and the provider.

SECTION 4. IC 12-26-7-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to the commitment of an individual if the individual has previously been committed under IC 12-26-6.

- (b) A proceeding for the commitment of an individual who appears to be suffering from a chronic mental illness may be begun by filing with a court having jurisdiction a written petition by any of the following:
  - (1) A health officer.
  - (2) A police officer.
  - (3) A friend of the individual.
  - (4) A relative of the individual.

ES 161-LS 6309/DI 104+











- (5) The spouse of the individual.
- (6) A guardian of the individual.
- (7) The superintendent of a facility where the individual is present.
- (8) A prosecuting attorney in accordance with IC 35-36-2-4.
- (9) A prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a county office if civil commitment proceedings are initiated under IC 31-34-19-3 or IC 31-37-18-3.
- (10) A third party that contracts with the division of mental health and addiction to provide competency restoration services to a defendant under IC 35-36-3-3 or IC 35-36-3-4.

SECTION 5. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003, SECTION 35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2003, SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2003, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance:

- (1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
  - (A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
  - (B) making any false or misleading statement as to the dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar policies:
  - (C) making any misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer, or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer operates;
  - (D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
  - (E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender *his* the policyholder's insurance.
- (2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,

C





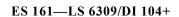






announcement, or statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement with respect to any person in the conduct of *his the person's* insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.

- (3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any person engaged in the business of insurance.
- (4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
- (5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false statement of financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official to which such insurer is required by law to report, or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
- (6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.
- (7) Making or permitting any of the following:
  - (A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the













nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.

- (B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever; however, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.
- (C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair discrimination between persons of the same class involving essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
  - (i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance, or abstract and title insurance;
  - (ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft, their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine, as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
  - (iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of insurance whatsoever.

However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A) and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance. Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance rate regulatory law of this state.

(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay,













allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:

- (A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders. (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
- (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.
- (D) Paying by an insurer or agent insurance producer thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state Indiana of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed agent insurance producer thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, agent, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, insurance producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.

ES 161—LS 6309/DI 104+











- (9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular insurance agent producer or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or his the lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance. (10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
- (10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the business of insurance.
- (11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of commerce in the business of insurance. However, participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of any nonprofit organization of agents insurance producers or other workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any court of review under section 8 of this chapter.
- (12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any policy of insurance covering such property through a particular insurance company, *agent, insurance producer,* or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of *his, her, or its the* right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
- (13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer, any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the following:

C







ES 161-LS 6309/DI 104+



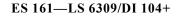
- (A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit unions.
- (B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers or users of such goods.
- (C) Title insurance.
- (D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the event of the death or disability of the insured.
- (E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs or associations.
- (F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an air transportation ticket and that:
  - (i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during the flight to which the ticket relates;
  - (ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common carrier immediately before or after the flight;
  - (iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which the ticket relates; or
  - (iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket relates
- (14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.
- (15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated experience.
- (16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
- (17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an individual's coverage under an individual or group health insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or













physical condition.

- (18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
- (19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor vehicle insurance rates.
- (20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring to interest rate guarantees.
- (21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan coverage for victims of abuse.
- (22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
- (23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of insurance producers.
- (24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
- (25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.
- (25) (26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) or IC 27-8-5-19.2.
- (25) (27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit information.
- (28) Violating IC 27-8-11-7 or IC 27-13-15-4 concerning provider reimbursement.

SECTION 6. IC 27-8-11-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7. (a) An agreement between an insurer and a provider under this chapter may not contain a provision that requires the provider to offer to the insurer a reimbursement rate that is equal to or lower than the lowest reimbursement rate that the provider offers to another insurer.

(b) A violation of this section by an insurer is an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance under IC 27-4-1-4.

SECTION 7. IC 27-13-15-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) A contract between a health maintenance organization and a participating provider may not contain a provision that requires the participating provider to offer to the health maintenance organization a reimbursement rate that is equal to or lower than the lowest reimbursement rate that the participating provider offers to another health maintenance organization.

(b) A violation of this section by a health maintenance organization is an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the

ES 161—LS 6309/DI 104+











### business of insurance under IC 27-4-1-4.

SECTION 8. IC 35-36-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) If at any time before the final submission of any criminal case to the court or the jury trying the case, the court has reasonable grounds for believing that the defendant lacks the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of his a defense, the court shall immediately fix a time for a hearing to determine whether the defendant has that ability. The court shall appoint two (2) or three (3) competent, disinterested:

- (1) psychiatrists; or
- (2) psychologists endorsed by the Indiana state board of examiners in psychology as health service providers in psychology. or physicians,

At least one (1) of whom the individuals appointed under this subsection must be a psychiatrist. who However, none may be an employee or a contractor of a state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184). The individuals who are appointed shall examine the defendant and testify at the hearing as to whether the defendant can understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense.

- (b) At the hearing, other evidence relevant to whether the defendant has the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense may be introduced. If the court finds that the defendant has the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense, the trial shall proceed. If the court finds that the defendant lacks this ability, it shall delay or continue the trial and order the defendant committed to the division of mental health and addiction. to be confined by the division in an appropriate psychiatric institution. The division of mental health and addiction shall provide competency restoration services or enter into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party in the:
  - (1) location where the defendant currently resides; or
  - (2) least restrictive setting appropriate to the needs of the defendant and the safety of the defendant and others.

However, if the defendant is serving an unrelated executed sentence in the department of correction at the time the defendant is committed to the division of mental health and addiction under this section, the division of mental health and addiction shall provide competency restoration services or enter into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third











party at a department of correction facility agreed upon by the division of mental health and addiction or the third party contractor and the department of correction.

SECTION 9. IC 35-36-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 110, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) Whenever the defendant attains the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense: the division of mental health and addiction, through

- (1) the superintendent of the appropriate psychiatric state institution (as defined by IC 12-7-2-184); or
- (2) the director or medical director of the third party contractor, if the division of mental health and addiction has entered into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party;

shall certify that fact to the proper court, which shall enter an order directing the sheriff to return the defendant. The court may shall enter such an order immediately after being sufficiently advised of the defendant's attainment of the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense. Upon the return to court of any defendant committed under section 1 of this chapter, the court shall hold the trial as if no delay or postponement had occurred.

SECTION 10. IC 35-36-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 111, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) Within ninety (90) days after:

- (1) a defendant's admittance to a psychiatric institution, the superintendent of the psychiatric institution admission to a state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184); or
- (2) the initiation of competency restoration services to a defendant by a third party contractor;

the superintendent of the state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184) or the director or medical director of the third party contractor, if the division of mental health and addiction has entered into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party, shall certify to the proper court whether the defendant has a substantial probability of attaining the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense within the foreseeable future.

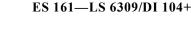
(b) If a substantial probability does not exist, the division of mental health and addiction state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184) or the third party contractor shall initiate regular commitment proceedings under IC 12-26. If a substantial probability does exist, the

C











division of mental health and addiction state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184) or third party contractor shall retain the defendant:

- (1) until the defendant attains the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense and is returned to the proper court for trial; or
- (2) for six (6) months from the date of the:
  - (A) defendant's admittance admission to a state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184); or
  - (B) initiation of competency restoration services by a third party contractor;

whichever first occurs.

SECTION 11. IC 35-36-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001, SECTION 112, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. If a defendant who was found under section 3 of this chapter to have had a substantial probability of attaining the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense has not attained that ability within six (6) months after the date of the:

- (1) defendant's admittance to a psychiatric institution, the division of mental health and addiction admission to a state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184); or
- (2) initiation of competency restoration services by a third party contractor;

the state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184) or the third party contractor, if the division of mental health and addiction has entered into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party, shall institute regular commitment proceedings under IC 12-26.

SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] (a) IC 27-8-11-7, as added by this act, applies to an agreement between an insurer and a provider that is entered into, amended, or renewed after June 30, 2004.

(b) IC 27-13-15-4, as added by this act, applies to a contract between a health maintenance organization and a participating provider that is entered into, amended, or renewed after June 30, 2004."











Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 161 as printed January 16, 2004.)

BROWN C, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 2.

C

0

p

y

